# Sixth Grade Mathematics 

## CHAPTER 10

## AREA AND PERIMETER

## Topics Covered:

* Perimeter of Polygons
* Area of Parallelograms
* Area of Triangles
* Area of a Trapezoid
* Area of Irregular Figures

| Perimeter |  | Square | $\begin{aligned} & P=4 s \\ & P=2 l+2 w \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rectangle |  |
| Circumference |  | Circle | $C=2 \pi r \quad$ or $\quad C=\pi d$ |
| Ar |  | Square | $A=s^{2}$ |
|  |  | Rectangle | $A=l w$ or $A=b h$ |
|  |  | Parallelogram | $A=b h$ |
|  |  | Triangle | $A=\frac{b h}{2} \quad \text { or } \quad A=\frac{1}{2} b h$ |
|  |  | Trapezoid | $A=\frac{1}{2}\left(b_{1}+b_{2}\right) h \quad \text { or } \quad \mathrm{A}=\frac{\left(b_{1}+b_{2}\right) h}{2}$ |
|  |  | Circle | $A=\pi r^{2}$ |
| Volume |  | Cube <br> Rectangular prism | $\begin{aligned} & V=s^{3} \\ & V=B h \quad \text { or } \quad V=l w h \end{aligned}$ |
| Pi |  | $\pi \approx 3$ |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cust } \\ 1 \mathrm{mi} \\ 1 \\ 1 \mathrm{ff} \end{gathered}$ | $y$ - Length <br> 1760 yards <br> $=3$ feet <br> 12 inches | Metric - Length <br> 1 kilometer $=1000$ meters 1 meter = 100 centimeters 1 centimeter $=10$ millimeters |
|  | Customar <br> 1 pint $=2$ cups <br> 1 quart $=2$ pints | Volume/Capacity <br> 1 cup $=8$ fluid ounces <br> 1 gallon $=4$ quarts | $\begin{gathered} \text { Metric - Volume/Capacity } \\ 1 \text { liter }=1000 \text { millilititers } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Custom <br> 1 ton <br> 1 pou | Mass/Weight <br> ,000 pounds <br> 16 ounces | Metric - Mass/Weight <br> 1 kilogram $=1000$ grams <br> 1 gram $=1000$ milligrams |
|  |  | 1 year $=12$ months <br> 1 week $=7$ days <br> 1 hour $=60$ minutes | ime <br> 1 year = 52 weeks <br> 1 day $=24$ hours <br> 1 minute $=60$ seconds |



Perimeter: The distance around the outside of a figure. Per means around. Meter means measure. Thus, the perimeter of a figure is the measure around it.

Classify each shape by giving the most specific name possible. Then find the perimeter of each figure.

2.

3.


5.

1.8 m
6.


Find the perimeter of each rectangle.
7.


9.


Find the perimeter of each rectangle.

| 10. | $\mathrm{~L}=48 \mathrm{~mm} \quad \mathrm{~W}=32 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | 11. | $\mathrm{~L}=6.2 \mathrm{~km}$ | $\mathrm{~W}=4.7 \mathrm{~km}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12. | $\mathrm{~L}=12 \mathrm{in} . \quad \mathrm{W}=12 \mathrm{in}$. |  |  |  |  |  |


| 13. | Find the perimeter of a sheet of typing paper 8.5 in. wide and 11 in . long. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 14. | How many feet of border are needed to go around a square bulletin board <br> that is 4.5 ft on each side? |  |
| 15. | Find the perimeter of your bedroom. |  |
| 16. | Find the perimeter of your house. |  |
| 17. | Find the perimeter of your backyard. |  |

Use either the STAAR formula chart to help answer the following problems.
Show all work on separate paper including three steps for each problem: write the correct formula, fill in the numbers for the variables, and then solve the equation.

|  | Game | Shape | Dimensions | Perimeter | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Racquetball | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=\mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=40 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  | A $=800$ sq. ft. |
| 2. | NCAA basketball | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=50 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=94 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 3. | Ice hockey | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=85 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=\quad \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{P}=570 \mathrm{ft}$. |  |
| 4. | Volleyball | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=\mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=60 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{A}=1800 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. |
| 5. | Lacrosse | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{w}=180 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=330 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 6. | NCAA soccer | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=225 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=360 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 7. | Football | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=160 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=360 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 8. | Tennis | Rectangle | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{w}=36 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & \mathrm{l}=78 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 9. | Baseball infield diamond | Square | $\mathrm{s}=\mathrm{ft}$. |  | $\mathrm{A}=8100 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. |



Formula for the area of a parallelogram: $A=b h$

Example:


The height is measured straight up from the base. The height of this parallelogram is 4 m .
$A=b h$
$A=8 \bullet 4$
$A=32 \mathrm{~m} .{ }^{2}$

Find the perimeter and the area of each parallelogram. For the area, show all steps.
1.

2.

3.

5.1 cm
4.

5.

6.


| 7. | The base of a parallelogram is 10 in. The height is 2 in. more than half <br> the base. Find the area. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 8. | The height of a parallelogram is 4.5 cm. The base is twice the height. <br> What is the area? |  |
| 9. | The area of a parallelogram is $60 \mathrm{ft}^{2}{ }^{2}$ The height is 5 ft. How long is the <br> base? |  |
| 10. | The area of a parallelogram is $275 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}{ }^{2}$ The base is 25 cm. Find the <br> height. |  |

Formula for the area of a triangle: $A=\frac{b h}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2} b h \quad$ (Half of the formula for a parallelogram.)
Example:


The height is measured straight up from the base. The height of this triangle is 5 in .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& A=\frac{b h}{2} \\
& A=\frac{6 \bullet 5}{2} \\
& A=15 \mathrm{in.}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Find the area of each triangle using the formula above. Show all steps on a separate sheet of paper.
1.

2.

3.


12 in.
5.
4.

6.

7.

8.
9.
23.7 km.

Find the area of each triangle using the appropriate formula. Show all steps on a separate sheet of paper.

2.

3.

4.

5.


17 ft .
7.

6.

8.

9.

10.


| 11. | A triangular sail has a base of 5 m and a height of 10 m. If canvas costs <br> $\$ 18$ a square meter, find the cost of canvas to make the sail. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 12. | A square dinner napkin 8 in. on each side is folded along its diagonal. <br> Find the area of the folder napkin. |  |

A trapezoid is a quadrilateral with only one pair of parallel sides. For determining its area one can start with the formula for a parallelogram: $A=b h$. However with a trapezoid the top and bottom bases are different lengths. Thus, to find the area average the two bases and then multiply times the height.
Formula for the area of a trapezoid: $A=\frac{1}{2}\left(b_{1}+b_{2}\right) h \quad\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(b_{1}+b_{2}\right)\right.$ is just the average of the two bases.]

Example:


$$
\begin{aligned}
& A=\frac{1}{2}\left(b_{1}+b_{2}\right) h \\
& A=\frac{1}{2}(12+15) 6 \\
& A=\frac{1}{2} \bullet(27) \bullet 6 \\
& A=81 \mathrm{in.}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Find the area of each trapezoid using the formula above. Show all steps on a separate sheet of paper.


Trapezoid A

| 1. | $\mathrm{x}=14 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{y}=26.5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{z}=12 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  | 2. | $\mathrm{x}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{y}=10 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{z}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. | $\mathrm{x}=40 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{y}=50 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{z}=20 \mathrm{~m}$ |  | 4. | $\mathrm{x}=7 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{y}=15 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{z}=7 \mathrm{ft}$ |  |

## Trapezoid B

| 5. | $x=6$ in, $y=16$ in, $z=9$ in |  | 6. | $x=41 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{y}=78 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{z}=22 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 7. | $\mathrm{x}=2.8 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{y}=2.5 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{z}=1.5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  | 8. | $\mathrm{x}=2 \frac{1}{4}$ in, $\mathrm{y}=12 \mathrm{in}, \mathrm{z}=9 \frac{3}{4}$ in |


|  | Cassie draws the following 4 figures. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| List the shapes in order |  |
| of area from greatest to |  |
| least. |  |

Find the area of each figure.
1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.


Find the area of the shaded region in each figure.
7. yard with a sandbox


Yard - 15 ft by 20 ft
Sandbox - 6 ft by 7 ft
8. wall with windows


Wall - 8 ft by 16 ft
Each window - 5 ft by 4 ft
9. sidewalk around pool


Sidewalk - 30 ft by 30 ft Pool - 27 ft by 27 ft
10. A bedroom is 15 ft long and 12 ft wide. How much will it cost to carpet the room if carpeting costs $\$ 22$ per square yard? ( $1 \mathrm{yd}=3 \mathrm{ft}$ )
11. A rose garden in the city park is rectangular and is 9 m wide. If the area of the rectangle is $144 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, what is the length of the garden?

Use graph paper for all drawings and all work.

1. Draw a figure whose perimeter is 24 units.
2. Draw a different figure whose perimeter is also 24 units.
3. Draw a figure whose area is 24 square units.
4. Draw a different figure whose area is also 24 square units.
5. Make up a real world word problem in which you need to find the perimeter of any quadrilateral.
6. Make up a real world word problem in which you need to find the area of any quadrilateral.
7. Can two different figures have the same area but different perimeters? Explain your answer.
8. Your dog, Benji, needs a new play area. You are in charge of building a fence around the dog's play area so that he can't run away. You are given 80 feet of fencing to build your play area. Build two different play areas that you think would be suitable for a dog using all of the fencing. For each of your SCALE drawings:

- Calculate the perimeter
- Calculate the area
- Explain why/how you chose the shape for each play area


## PART 2

9. 

17 in.


The perimeter of the rectangle is 62 in .
Find the length of each side.
10. Amanda bought 40 meters of fencing to make an enclosure for her dog, Sushi. If Amanda expects a rectangular enclosure, what is the largest area it can have? Explain your answer.
11. The width of a rectangle is 4.5 inches and its perimeter is 31 inches. What is the length of the rectangle?

## PART 3

12. The club house is a rectangle that is 25 feet by 40 feet in size. The officers voted to put a 6 -foot sidewalk all around the building, leaving a 2 -foot space for plants between the building and the sidewalk. Give the perimeter of the outer edge of the sidewalk and the area of the sidewalk itself.
13. What is the area of each black and white piece if the whole square measures 20 cm on each side? What percent of the area of the large square is the small shaded square?

